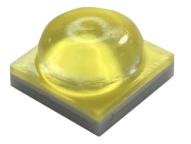


www.prolightopto.com





ProLight PB2H-4BxE-HWFC 4W Power LED Technical Datasheet Version: 1.0

ProLight Opto PB2H Series

Features

- · Corrosion robustness
- · SMD 3535 ceramic package
- · Maximum drive current: 1200 mA
- \cdot Wide viewing angle: 125 $^{\circ}$ (Batwing optical lens)
- · Best JEDEC Moisture Sensitivity Level 1

Main Applications

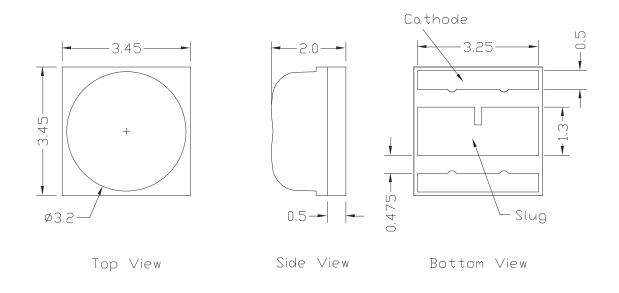
- · Horticultural Lighting
- \cdot Accent and effect lighting

Introduction

•Phenix 3535 qualifies as the JEDEC Level 1 MSL sensitivity level and suitable for SMD process, Pb_free reflow soldering capability, and full compliance with EU Reduction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) legislation.



Emitter Mechanical Dimensions





Anode(+) o----- O Cathode(-)

Notes:

- 1. Electrical insulation between the case and the board is required. Do not electrically connect either the anode or cathode to the slug.
- 2. Drawing not to scale.
- 3. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 4. Unless otherwise indicated, tolerances are \pm 0.1mm.
- 5. Please do not solder the emitter by manual hand soldering, otherwise it will damage the emitter.
- 6. Please do not use a force of over 0.3kgf impact or pressure on the lens of the LED, otherwise it will cause a catastrophic failure.

*The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.



Flux Characteristics, $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$

		Lumii	nous Flux Φ,	_v (Im)		Р	PF (µmol/s)	
Part Number Emitter	@70 Min.	0mA Typ.	Refer @350mA Typ.	Refer @1000mA Typ.	@70 Min.	0mA Typ.	Refer @350mA Typ.	Refer @1000mA Typ.
PB2H-4BWE-HWFC PB2H-4BNE-HWFC	340 340	365 355	194 189	498 484	4.66 4.49	5.00 4.69	2.66 2.49	6.82 6.39

• ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 7% on flux and power measurements.

• Please do not drive at rated current more than 1 second without proper heat sink.

Electrical Characteristics, T_J = 25°C

Forward Voltage V _F (V)					
@700mA Typ.	Max.	Refer @350mA Typ.	Refer @1000mA Typ.	Resistance Junction to Slug (°C/ W)	
2.9	3.2	2.8	3.0	4.9 4.9	
	Тур.	@700mA Typ. Max. 2.9 3.2	@700mA Refer @350mA Typ. Max. Typ. 2.9 3.2 2.8	@700mA Refer @350mA Refer @1000mA Typ. Max. Typ. Typ. 2.9 3.2 2.8 3.0	

ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 0.1V for Voltage measurements.

Optical Characteristics at 700mA, $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$

Radiation	Color	Color	· Temperature	e CCT	Total included Angle (degrees)	Viewing Angle (degrees)
Pattern	Color	Min.	Тур.	Max.	θ _{0.90V}	2 θ _{1/2}
Batwing	White Neutral White	4800 K 3710 K	5600 K 4255 K	6450 K 4800 K	160 160	125 125

• ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 5% for CCT measurements.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	White/Neutral White
DC Forward Current (mA)	1200
Peak Pulsed Forward Current (mA)	1500 (less than 1/10 duty cycle@1KHz)
ESD Sensitivity (HBM per MIL-STD-883E Method 3015.7)	2KV
LED Junction Temperature	120°C
Operating Board Temperature at Maximum DC Forward Current	-40°C - 105°C
Storage Temperature	-40°C - 120°C
Soldering Temperature	JEDEC 020c 260°C
Allowable Reflow Cycles	3
Reverse Voltage	Not designed to be driven in reverse bias

Photometric Luminous Flux Bin Structure at 700mA

Color	Bin	Photometr	ic Flux (Im)	PPF (µ	ımol/s)	PPF/W (µmol/J)	Available
	Code	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Typ.	Color Bins
White	B	340	370	4.66	5.07	2.40	All
	C	370	400	5.07	5.48	2.60	[1]
	D	400	440	5.48	6.03	-	[1]
Neutral White	B	340	370	4.49	4.88	2.31	All
	C	370	400	4.88	5.28	2.50	[1]
	D	400	440	5.28	5.81	-	[1]

 \bullet ProLight maintains a tolerance of \pm 7% on flux and power measurements.

• The flux bin of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.

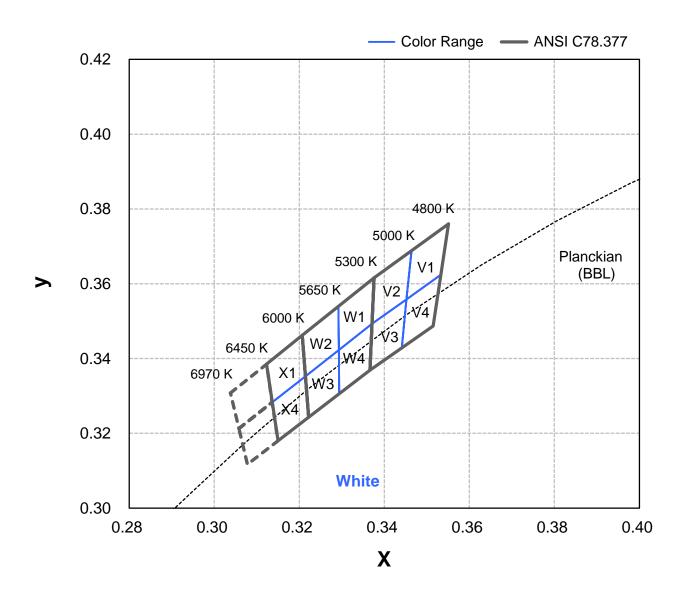
• ^[1] The rest of color bins are not 100% ready for order currently. Please ask for quote and order possibility.

www.prolightopto.com



Color Bin

White Binning Structure Graphical Representation





Color Bin

White Bin Structure

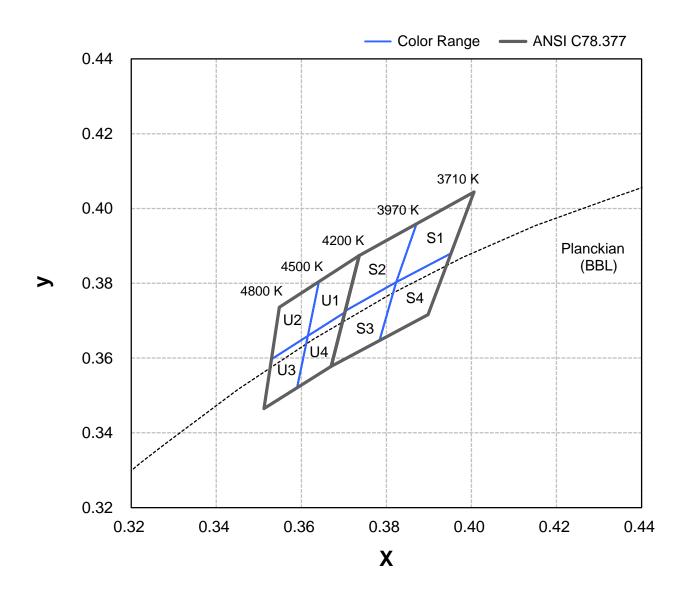
V1 0.3464 0.3688 0.3293 0.3423 0.3493 0.3366 0.3366 0.3369 0.3294 0.3306 0.3294 0.3306 0.3294 0.3306 0.3462 0.3293 0.3462 0.3293 0.3462 0.3293 0.3423 0.3462 V4 0.3515 0.3487 4870 W2 0.3292 0.3533 0.3423 5830 0.3441 0.3428 0.3411 0.3428 0.3215 0.3353 0.3423 5830 V2 0.3464 0.3688 5155 W3 0.3222 0.3243 5830 V3 0.3371 0.3493 0.3123 0.3385 0.3215 0.3363 6240 V3 0.3376 0.3616 5475 X4 0.3215 0.3353	Bin Code	x	У	Typ. CCT (K)	Bin Code	x	У	Тур. ССТ (К)
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		0.3464	0.3688			0.3293	0.3423	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\/1	0.3551	0.3760	4970	\\ <i>\\</i>	0.3371	0.3493	5475
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	VI	0.3533	0.3624	4070	VV4	0.3366	0.3369	5475
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		0.3452	0.3558			0.3294	0.3306	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		0.3452	0.3558			0.3207	0.3462	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\//	0.3533	0.3624	4870	1/1/2	0.3292	0.3539	5830
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	V 4	0.3515	0.3487	4070	VVZ	0.3293	0.3423	3030
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		0.3441	0.3428			0.3215	0.3353	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		0.3376	0.3616			0.3215	0.3353	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1/2	0.3464	0.3688	5155	W 3	0.3293	0.3423	5830
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	٧Z	0.3452	0.3558	5155	VV3	0.3294	0.3306	3030
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		0.3371	0.3493			0.3222	0.3243	
V3 0.3441 0.3428 5155 X1 0.3215 0.3353 6240 0.3366 0.3369 0.3136 0.3283 0.3136 0.3283 0.3292 0.3539 0.3136 0.3283 0.3283 W1 0.3376 0.3616 5475 X4 0.3215 0.3353 6240 W1 0.3371 0.3493 5475 X4 0.3215 0.3353 6240		0.3371	0.3493			0.3123	0.3385	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\/3	0.3452	0.3558	5155	¥1	0.3207	0.3462	6240
0.32920.35390.31360.3283W10.33760.36165475X40.32150.335362400.33710.34930.34930.32220.32436240	v5	0.3441	0.3428	5155		0.3215	0.3353	0240
W1 0.3376 0.3616 5475 X4 0.3215 0.3353 6240 0.3371 0.3493 5475 X4 0.3222 0.3243 6240		0.3366	0.3369			0.3136	0.3283	
0.3371 0.3493 5475 X4 0.3222 0.3243 6240		0.3292	0.3539			0.3136	0.3283	
0.3371 0.3493 0.3222 0.3243	\\/1	0.3376	0.3616	5475	¥4	0.3215	0.3353	6240
0.3293 0.3423 0.3150 0.3180	VVI	0.3371	0.3493	5475	74	0.3222	0.3243	0240
		0.3293	0.3423			0.3150	0.3180	

• Tolerance on each color bin (x , y) is ± 0.005



Color Bin

Neutral White Binning Structure Graphical Representation





Color Bin

Neutral White Bin Structure

Bin Code	x	У	Typ. CCT (K)	Bin Code	x	У	Тур. ССТ (К)
	0.3871	0.3959			0.3641	0.3804	
S1	0.4006	0.4044	3480	U1	0.3736	0.3874	4350
51	0.3952	0.3880	5400	01	0.3702	0.3722	4330
	0.3823	0.3803			0.3615	0.3659	
	0.3823	0.3803			0.3615	0.3659	
S4	0.3952	0.3880	3480	U4	0.3702	0.3722	4350
04	0.3898	0.3716	3400	04	0.3670	0.3578	4330
	0.3784	0.3647			0.3590	0.3521	
	0.3736	0.3874			0.3548	0.3736	
S2	0.3871	0.3959	4085	U2	0.3641	0.3804	4650
02	0.3823	0.3803	4005	02	0.3615	0.3659	4000
	0.3703	0.3726			0.353	0.3597	
	0.3703	0.3726			0.3530	0.3597	
S3	0.3823	0.3803	4085	U3	0.3615	0.3659	4650
00	0.3784	0.3647	4005	05	0.3590	0.3521	4000
	0.3670	0.3578			0.3512	0.3465	

• Tolerance on each color bin (x , y) is ± 0.005



Forward Voltage Bin Structure at 700mA

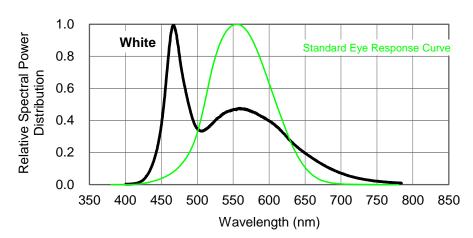
Color	Bin Code	Minimum Voltage (V)	Maximum Voltage (V)
	А	2.8	2.9
	В	2.9	3.0
White	D	3.0	3.1
	E	3.1	3.2
	A	2.8	2.9
N a strat M/h it a	В	2.9	3.0
Neutral White	D	3.0	3.1
	E	3.1	3.2

ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 0.1V for Voltage measurements.

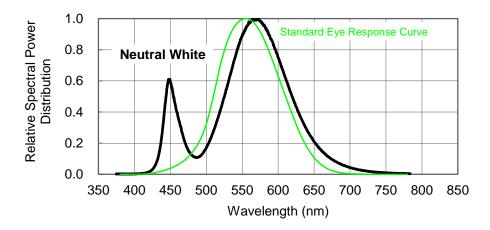


Color Spectrum, T_J = 25°C

1. White



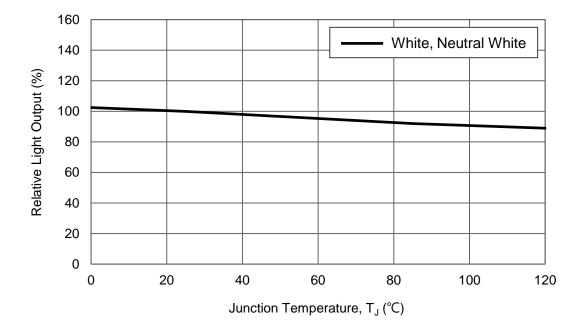
2. Neutral White





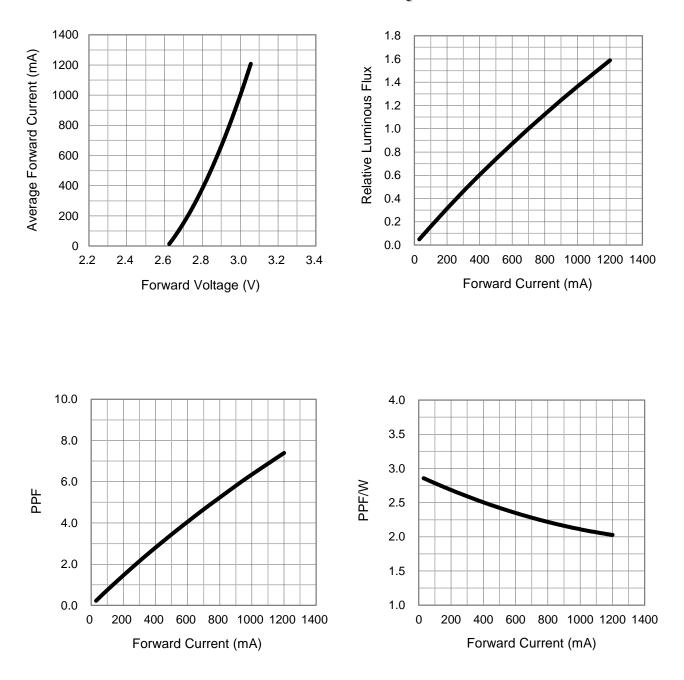
Light Output Characteristics

Relative Light Output vs. Junction Temperature at 700mA





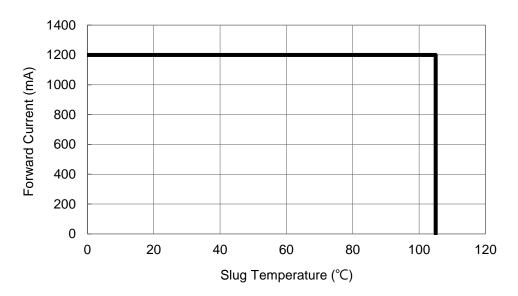
Forward Current Characteristics, $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$



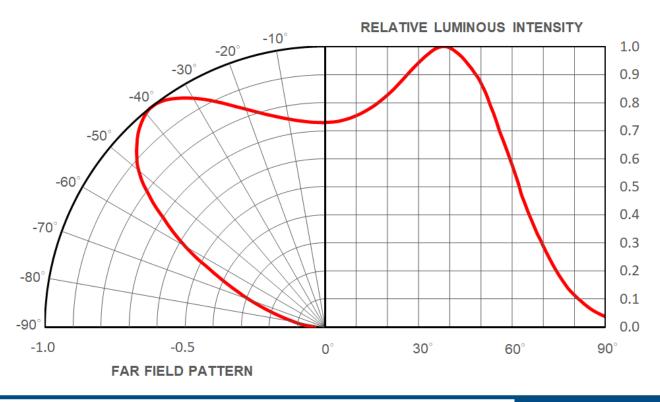


Slug Temperature vs. Maximum Forward Current

1. White > Neutral White



Typical Representative Spatial Radiation Pattern





Moisture Sensitivity Level - JEDEC Level 1

			Soak Requirements				
Level	Floo	r Life	Stan	dard	Accelerated	Environment	
	Time	Conditions	Time (hours)	Conditions	Time (hours)	Conditions	
1	Unlimited	≤30 [°] C / 85% RH	168 +5/-0	85°C / 85% RH	NA	NA	

- The standard soak time includes a default value of 24 hours for semiconductor manufature's exposure time (MET) between bake and bag and includes the maximum time allowed out of the bag at the distributor's facility.
- Table below presents the moisture sensitivity level definitions per IPC/JEDEC's J-STD-020C.

				Soak Req	uirements	
Level	Floor	r Life	Stan	dard	Accelerated Environment	
	Time	Conditions	Time (hours)	Conditions	Time (hours)	Conditions
1	Unlimited	≤30 [°] C / 85% RH	168 +5/-0	85°C / 85% RH	NA	NA
2	1 year	≤30°C / 60% RH	168 +5/-0	85°C / 60% RH	NA	NA
2a	4 weeks	≤30°C / 60% RH	696 +5/-0	30°C / 60% RH	120 +1/-0	60°C / 60% RH
3	168 hours	≤30°C / 60% RH	192 +5/-0	30°C / 60% RH	40 +1/-0	60°C / 60% RH
4	72 hours	≤30°C / 60% RH	96 +2/-0	30°C / 60% RH	20 +0.5/-0	60°C / 60% RH
5	48 hours	≤30°C / 60% RH	72 +2/-0	30°C / 60% RH	15 +0.5/-0	60°C / 60% RH
5a	24 hours	≤30°C / 60% RH	48 +2/-0	30°C / 60% RH	10 +0.5/-0	60°C / 60% RH
6	Time on Label (TOL)	≤30°C / 60% RH	Time on Label (TOL)	30°C / 60% RH	NA	NA



Qualification Reliability Testing

Stress Test	Stress Conditions	Stress Duration	Failure Criteria
Room Temperature Operating Life (RTOL)	25°C, I _F = max DC (Note 1)	1000 hours	Note 2
Wet High Temperature Operating Life (WHTOL)	85°C/60%RH, I _F = max DC (Note 1)	1000 hours	Note 2
Wet High Temperature Storage Life (WHTSL)	85°C/85%RH, non-operating	1000 hours	Note 2
High Temperature Storage Life (HTSL)	110°C, non-operating	1000 hours	Note 2
Low Temperature Storage Life (LTSL)	-40°C, non-operating	1000 hours	Note 2
Non-operating Temperature Cycle (TMCL)	-40°C to 120°C, 30 min. dwell, <5 min. transfer	200 cycles	Note 2
Mechanical Shock	1500 G, 0.5 msec. pulse, 5 shocks each 6 axis		Note 3
Natural Drop	On concrete from 1.2 m, 3X		Note 3
Variable Vibration Frequency	10-2000-10 Hz, log or linear sweep rate, 20 G about 1 min., 1.5 mm, 3X/axis		Note 3
Solder Heat Resistance (SHR)	260°C ± 5°C, 10 sec.		Note 3
Solderability	Steam age for 16 hrs., then solder dip at 260°C for 5 sec.		Solder coverage on lead

Notes:

1. Depending on the maximum derating curve.

2. Criteria for judging failure

Item	Test Condition	Criteria for Judgement		
item	Test Condition	Min.	Max.	
Forward Voltage (V _F)	I _F = max DC		Initial Level x 1.1	
Luminous Flux or Radiometric Power (Φ_V)	I _F = max DC	Initial Level x 0.7		
Reverse Current (I _R)	$V_R = 5V$		50 µA	

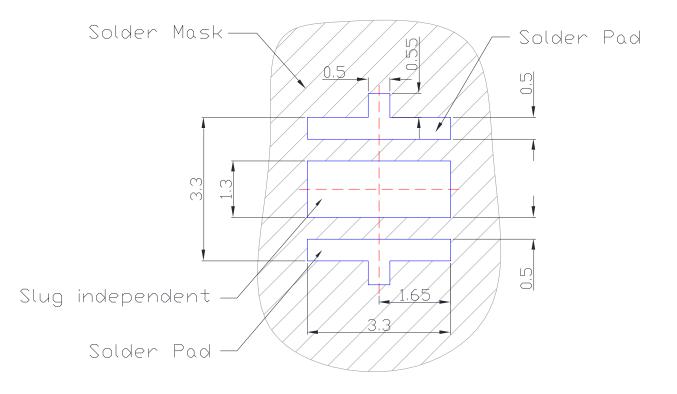
* The test is performed after the LED is cooled down to the room temperature.

3. A failure is an LED that is open or shorted.



Recommended Solder Pad Design

Standard Emitter

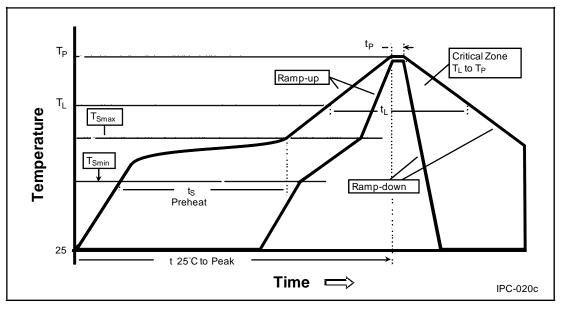


- All dimensions are in millimeters.
- Electrical isolation is required between Slug and Solder Pad.



Reflow Soldering Condition

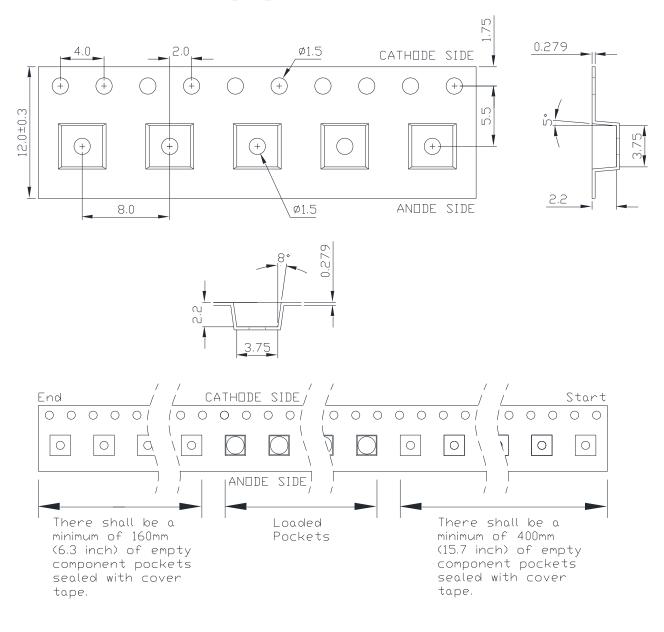
Profile Feature	Sn-Pb Eutectic Assembly	Pb-Free Assembly
Average Ramp-Up Rate	3°C / second max.	3°C / second max.
(T _{Smax} to T _P)		
Preheat		
– Temperature Min (T _{Smin})	100°C	150°C
– Temperature Max (T _{Smax})	150°C	200°C
– Time (t _{smin} to t _{smax})	60-120 seconds	60-180 seconds
Time maintained above:		
– Temperature (T _L)	183°C	217°C
– Time (t _i)	60-150 seconds	60-150 seconds
Peak/Classification Temperature (T _P)	240°C	260°C
Time Within 5°C of Actual Peak	10-30 seconds	20-40 seconds
Temperature (t _p)		
Ramp-Down Rate	6°C/second max.	6°C/second max.
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature	6 minutes max.	8 minutes max.



- We recommend using the M705-S101-S4 solder paste from SMIC (Senju Metal Industry Co., Ltd.) for lead-free soldering.
- Do not use solder pastes with post reflow flux residue>47%. (58Bi-42Sn eutectic alloy, etc) This kind of solder pastes may cause a reliability problem to LED.
- All temperatures refer to topside of the package, measured on the package body surface.
- Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.
- Reflow soldering should not be done more than three times.
- When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.



Emitter Reel Packaging

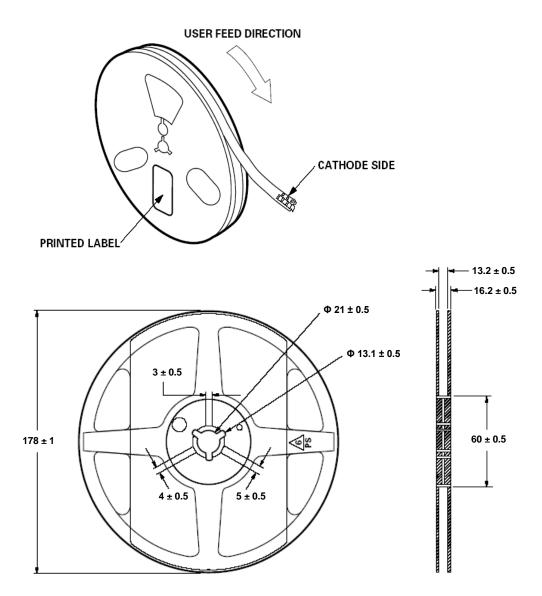


Notes:

- 1. Drawing not to scale.
- 2. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 3. Unless otherwise indicated, tolerances are $\pm\,0.1\text{mm}.$



Emitter Reel Packaging



Notes:

- 1. Empty component pockets sealed with top cover tape.
- 2. 1,000 pieces per reel.
- 3. Drawing not to scale.
- 4. All dimensions are in millimeters.



Precaution for Use

Storage

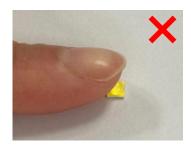
Please do not open the moisture barrier bag (MBB) more than one week. This may cause the leads of LED discoloration. We recommend storing ProLight's LEDs in a dry box after opening the MBB. The recommended storage conditions are temperature 5 to 30°C and humidity less than 40% RH. It is also recommended to return the LEDs to the MBB and to reseal the MBB.

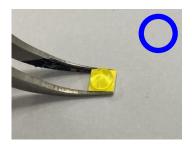
- The slug is is not electrically neutral. Therefore, we recommend to isolate the heat sink.
- We recommend using the M705-S101-S4 solder paste from SMIC (Senju Metal Industry Co., Ltd.) for lead-free soldering.
- Do not use solder pastes with post reflow flux residue>47%. (58Bi-42Sn eutectic alloy, etc) This kind of solder pastes may cause a reliability problem to LED.
- Any mechanical force or any excess vibration shall not be accepted to apply during cooling process to normal temperature after soldering.
- Please avoid rapid cooling after soldering.
- Components should not be mounted on warped direction of PCB.
- Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a heat plate should be used. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.
- This device should not be used in any type of fluid such as water, oil, organic solvent and etc. When cleaning is required, isopropyl alcohol should be used.
- When the LEDs are illuminating, operating current should be decide after considering the package maximum temperature.
- The appearance, specifications and flux bin of the product may be modified for improvement without notice. Please refer to the below website for the latest datasheets. <u>http://www.prolightopto.com/</u>

Handling of Silicone Lens LEDs

Notes for handling of silicone lens LEDs

- Please do not use a force of over 0.3kgf impact or pressure on the silicone lens, otherwise it will cause a catastrophic failure.
- The LEDs should only be picked up by making contact with the sides of the LED body.
- Avoid touching the silicone lens especially by sharp tools such as Tweezers.
- Avoid leaving fingerprints on the silicone lens.
- Please store the LEDs away from dusty areas or seal the product against dust.
- When populating boards in SMT production, there are basically no restrictions regarding the form of the pick and place nozzle, except that mechanical pressure on the silicone lens must be prevented.
- Please do not mold over the silicone lens with another resin. (epoxy, urethane, etc)







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- 2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of the device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.